

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 274, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1875.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.

At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffee, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanas, and Elemes
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted.

TOBACCOS.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzalez, six diamond
Gin: J. KZ Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac
Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: wineys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels: Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Cocoa and felt matting
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertights, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Bute Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SHAMROCK STORE,
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,

FAMILY GROCER,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER,

is carrying on business at the old-established premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales, Melbourne-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

STARKEY'S

KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

One of Alcock's prize Billiard Tables (quite new.)

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

Cromwell Advertisements

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE.

DUNEDIN, and MELBOURNE,

ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

DRAPERY; BOOTS AND SHOES; GROCERIES; WINES, SPIRITS, AND PROVISIONS; IRONMONGERY; CROCKERY; BUILDING MATERIALS OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS; PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS;

GRINDERY; FURNITURE AND BEDDING; SADDLERY; AND PATENT MEDICINES.

A supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,

LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

Having opened a branch establishment in Dunedin, solely for the manufacture of

MENS' CLOTHING,

We are in a position to offer to the public a SUPERIOR CLASS OF GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, and our customers may rest assured that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the LOWEST PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.
Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manilla Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

VICTORIA JUNCTION HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse.

JOHN MARSH

"VALUE FOR MONEY."

BRIDGE HOTEL,

CROMWELL.

JOHN W. THOMPSON,
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH.

J. W. THOMPSON desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the District that he has purchased the business lately carried on by Mr JAMES SLOAN as Farrier and Blacksmith. His long practical experience in all branches of the business, combined with moderate charges, will, he trusts, secure him a fair share of public patronage.

THOMPSON'S
VETERINARY AND SHOEING FORGE,
CROMWELL.

THOMAS FOOTE,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION
AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

K. PRETSCH,
CROMWELL,
COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Cromwell

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan Dis-
trict that, in connection with his established
business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened
EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL,
where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-
holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with
EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best
description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention
that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE
BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that
line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTING-
HAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the
largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the
Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident
he can sell the cheapest and best article in the
District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:-

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes
on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and
most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS, PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams,
Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout
the district.



CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE, PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on
hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

GREAT BARGAINS
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting
LEVER WATCHES,
By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.
Inspection invited.

E. MURRELL,
Watchmaker, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be
carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who
have much pleasure in calling the attention of
the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their
New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any
hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any
other portion of the District. They therefore
respectfully solicit a continuance of the patron-
age heretofore bestowed, with the conviction
that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to
at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend
to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth.
Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the
district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. „ delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

Cromwell

COME AND SEE

THE CHEAPEST STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS

IN CROMWELL.

J. SOLOMON,

Acknowledged by all to be the only GENUINE CHEAP DRAPER in the District.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESSES

NEW STOCK OF SILK DRESSES

NEW WHITE HATS—LADIES', GIRLS', & CHILDREN'S

NEW MILLINERY; BONNETS

NEW TRIMMED HATS—ALL SHAPES

LARGE VARIETY OF PRINTS—ALL COLOURS.

BEAUTIFUL GOODS IN RUFFLES, COLLARS, & LACE SETS.

J. SOLOMON'S STOCK OF

LADIES' MADE-UP DRESSES, COSTUMES, POLONAISES, & TRIMMED HATS
MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.

NEW STOCK OF MEN'S, YOUTHS', LADIES', & CHILDREN'S
BOOTS AND SHOES.

JUST OPENED—

A REALLY FIRST-CLASS ASSORTMENT OF

MEN'S, YOUTHS', & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS
ETC., SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.—VERY CHEAP.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, FANCY GOODS, & PATENT MEDICINES.

SHEEP SHEARS & TURKEY STONES.

JEWELLERY.

ENGLISH LEVER HUNTING WATCHES SELLING A GREAT BARGAIN.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING
Under the management of Mrs SOLOMON.

J. SOLOMON,

CHEAP DRAPERY AND CLOTHING STORE.

NEW DISCOVERY!

GREAT RUSH

TO THE

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—AT—

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

GREAT BARGAINS.

Fancy Dresses, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 15s. Lustres in all shades, 1s 6d
French Merinos, 2s 3d yard. Winceys and Skirtings, 1s and 1s 3d
All-wool Plaid, double width, 3s; single width, 1s 9d
Prints, fast colours, 8d yard. Batiste Cloth for Dresses, 10d yard
Hollands, 8d, 10d, 1s; usual price, 11d, 1s 1d, and 1s 5d
White and Unbleached Calico, yard wide, 6s 9d dozen
Costumes from 22s 6d. Skirts, 7s 6d
Hosiery and Fancy Goods greatly reduced
Stays and Underclothing very cheap
Remnants—Remnants—Remnants
Ladies' Straw Hats from 1s 9d.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Tweed Suits, 39s 6d. Colonial Tweed Suits, 42s 6d
Trousers and Vest, 18s 6d, 25s; Dunedin made, 30s
Tweed Trousers, 11s 6d, 13s 6d, 16s; Corded Tweed, 16s 6d
Mole Trousers, 7s 6d, 8s 6d; best, 9s 6d
Boys' Knicker Suits, 11s 6d. Youths' Eton, 27s 6d, 30s
Trousers, Trousers and Vests, Men's and Boys' Suits
Slightly damaged by Fire.
Knitted Drawers, 6s 6d, 7s, 7s 6d; Cotton ditto, 3s 6d, 4s, 4s 6d
Flannels, 5s 6d, 6s 6d; best, 7s 6d
Heavy Plaid Shirts, 10s 9d—usual price 13s 6d
Plaid Shirts, 8s 6d, worth 11s 6d; 6s 6d, worth 9s 9d; Tweed ditto, 5s 6d
Cape Shirts, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 10s 6d. Jean Shirts, 2s 9d, 3s 6d, 4s 6d
Felt Hats from 3s. Straw Hats from 1s 9d.

BOOTS. BOOTS.

Ladies' Kid Boots, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d; Slippers, 4s 6d, 5s 6d
Children's Copper-toe Elastic-side Boots, 7s 6d
Dunedin and Christchurch made Watertights, 18s 6d
Elastic Sides, 12s 6d, 15s, 17s 6d.

ALL GOODS EQUALLY REDUCED.

The above are Cash Prices only, and any goods booked will be charged the usual price.

W. TALBOYS,

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

Cromwell

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSUR-
ANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST
LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE,
Proprietors.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE are now prepared
to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any
quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. GOODGER, Crom-
well, or at the Brewery, will be promptly at-
tended to.

GOODGER & KUHTZE.

F. SANSOM, SADDLER
AND
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on
business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr
Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict atten-
tion and moderate charges, to merit the public
patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every
description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

HENRICH BEHRENS,
having purchased from Mr La Fontaine
the business lately carried on by him in Crom-
well as

WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER,
Begs to announce that he will carry on the
same as before, in the premises opposite the
Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

JOHN NIELSEN, SADDLER
AND
HARNESS-MAKER,
We respectfully beg to invite the public to avail
themselves of this opportunity.

AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.
class of goods
shortly expected, we have reserved for large consignments
Store, and to make room for large consignments
our command, during the building of our new
Owing to the very limited accommodation at

JOHN NIELSEN, SADDLER
AND
HARNESS-MAKER,

VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,
Next door to
KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

ROBERT WISHART,
General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c.,
Begs to intimate to the public that he has pur-
chased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY,
as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying
strict attention to business, and turning out good
substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to
merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally
that he has purchased the CAST-IRON NYP for
TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the
first introduced up-country; and in this branch
he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most approved
principle.

Light Shoes . . . 12s.
Draught do. . . 17s.

R. WISHART,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of
Books in every department of literature; and
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s
6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY

J. SCOTT,
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,
Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread
regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

Cromwell

Queenstown

Bannockburn

SELECT POETRY.

A STAMMERING LOVER.

[A comic contemporary has hit upon the following novel method of "popping the question":—

When Captain Stammers came to woo,
His tongue began to falter,
He asked me to become his Ju—
His Julia at the altar.

And then, to make the matter worse,
He ended his confession
By asking if I'd mind a curs—
A cursory digression.

Because some people thought a stam—
A stammer imperfection,
Should I consider it a dam—
A damaging objection?

He thought that while proposing now,
'Twas proper to reveal it,
Because he'd look so like a cow—
A coward to conceal it.

A plain gold ring he longed to buy,
If I would not abjure it:
He only hoped that I might di—
Direct him to procure it.

If I'd be his, the best of men
To be he would endeavour,
And he'd consider me his ben—
His benefactress ever!

And then he said—and heaved a sigh,
As if in deep dejection—
He feared he could not hit my i—
Ideal of perfection.

And then he knelt upon the grass,
Once more his suit pursuing,
So then I owned I was an a—
Assentient to his wooing.

GENERAL NEWS.

Fearfully hot weather has been experienced in Melbourne during January. For five consecutive days the most intense heat was endured, the thermometer during that period ranging between 106 and 110 in the shade, with a burning sun and scorching wind.

A correspondent of a Queensland paper says a man at Toowoomba recently sold his wife and two children for £7.

Queen Victoria (says an American paper) is the legal head of the Episcopal Church of England and the Presbyterian Church of Scotland. When she is in England her Presbyterianism is technically called "dis-sent." She has a morbid hatred of ritualism. The Prince of Wales is inclined to ritualistic ceremonies, while his eldest sister, the Princess of Germany, is a Lutheran; his brother-in-law, Lord Lorne, is a Presbyterian; another brother-in-law, the Prince Imperial of Prussia, is a Protestant Lutheran; a sister-in-law, the Duchess of Edinburgh, is a Greek Catholic; her husband is a Low Church Episcopalian; the other brothers and sisters are Episcopalians and Presbyterians by turns, their particular creed depending on their residence. The Princess of Wales clings to the faith she was taught in Denmark.

The Melbourne papers record a clever escape from the police. A man named Stewart, arrested in New Zealand for setting fire to his house at Sandridge, was taken to Melbourne by Senior-Constable Joyce in the Otago. As soon the steamer came alongside the wharf, Joyce had the prisoner on deck near the steerage cabin door, and was about to handcuff him, when the latter said he had left his bag in his bunk, and he was allowed to go down for it. As he did not return in a minute or so, the constable went down to look for him, but he was nowhere to be found. Having thoroughly searched the vessel and wharf without success, Joyce started by cab for the house in which Stewart and his family formerly lived in Sandridge. There he learnt that Stewart had been there about a quarter of an hour before him, but did not remain, as none of his family lived there now. Since that diligent search has been made by the detectives and general police, but without success.

The North Otago Times tells us that a daring robbery was perpetrated on the premises of Messrs J. Booth and Co., early on Thursday morning, the 28th ultimo, and goods to the value of £30 were stolen. It appears that the thieves entered the store by cutting out a pane of glass at the top of the back door. This was done evidently by no unskilful hand, as the pane was removed in its entirety. About 3s. 6d. in silver was taken from the till, and a box of matches placed therein instead. Suits of clothes, several pairs of trousers, socks, boots, and shirts, besides a roll of tartan-plaid and several dress-pieces, were also taken, the thieves evidently having a pretty good knowledge of such articles, as they took away nothing of an inferior description. The police are busy trying to discover the thieves, or some trace of the missing articles, but as yet they have been unsuccessful.

Such extraordinary liberality as that lately reported by the Bendigo papers is of very rare occurrence now-a-days. In the Finegan's division of the Etheridge district worked a party of miners, consisting of Henry Lewis and three mates, who owned the Queensland and the Marquis of Lorne reefs, together with a ten-stamper machine. A short time since Lewis received advices from his Welsh connections at Llanwydd that an estate worth something like £30,000 had fallen to him, and that his presence home was required. He was immediately offered £600 by his mates for his interest in the reefs and machinery, but Mr Lewis not only refused to accept a shilling, but, making an absolute gift to them of the property, gave a champagne supper to a numerous party of his friends prior to his departure.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Bogs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, PORTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

ALL CURES MADE EASY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed, a poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that all most all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chicgo-foo	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff
Glandular Swellings	Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

A Melbourne amateur sculler offers to back himself for £200 to row 750 miles in 15 days or a thousand miles in 21 days.

W. G. Grate, the cricketer, is a passenger by the Pera for Tasmania to get married.

D. POWELL & CO., AUCTIONEERS, COMMISSION AND GENERAL AGENTS, AND ACCOUNTANTS, QUEENSTOWN.

All auction sales, commissions, or agencies entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention.

Account sales and cash rendered without delay.

Sale of Horses, Cattle, and General Merchandise in our new Auction Bazaar, EVERY SATURDAY.

D. P. & Co. have been favoured with agencies from several of the First Business Houses in Dunedin. Price lists and samples always on hand. Wool received, stored, and forwarded for sale to Dunedin.

Agent in Cromwell:

CHARLES COLCLOUGH.

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL, QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE, Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE.

DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND, General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

A DAMS'S GULLY COAL-PIT, BANNOCKBURN.

GEORGE COCKBURN

Begs to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to intimate that in future an EXPRESS will leave Quartzville every FRIDAY MORNING for Cromwell, returning the same EVENING.

Leaves Quartzville at 9; Leaves Cromwell at 5. Passengers and Parcels carried.

CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

After Monday, April 27th, the Bannockburn Library will be in the SCHOOLMASTER'S RESIDENCE, Smith's Gully.

Terms of Subscription:

Five Shillings entrance fee; and One Shilling a Month, payable quarterly in advance.

COACHING NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:—

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving Cromwell every TUESDAY morning and returning every WEDNESDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and carefulness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

SHARES FOR SALE.

The Undersigned has for sale:

Elizabeths
Stars
Carrick Waters
Bendigo Deep Tunnels
Lucknows
Colonial Banks.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Sharebroker.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CARRICK GREAT QUARTZ TUNNELLING COMPANY.

To be registered under the Mining Companies Act.

Capital £15,000, In 60,000 shares of 5s. each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS.

Mr Logan	Mr Taylor	Mr Goodger
Mr Grant	Mr Lawrence	Mr Bennett
Mr Jolly	Mr J. Stuart	Mr Kidd
Mr Towan	Mr S. Williams	Mr Richards
Mr Gudgeon	Mr Arndt	Mr Murrell

TRASURER.

Mr C. E. Gudgeon, Bank of New Zealand.

SECRETARY.

Mr Chas. Colclough, Accountant.

The promoters of this undertaking, being aware that the auriferous resources of the Carrick Range are not being satisfactorily developed, so as to benefit the mining community of the district generally, and feeling confident that a vast amount of hidden wealth lies undeveloped at a great depth in the heart of the auriferous mountain on the surface of which are to be found the Star of the East, Heart of Oak, Elizabeth, and at least 20 other gold-bearing reefs, confidently present this prospectus to the favourable consideration of the public.

It is proposed to penetrate the Border Chief hill by a tunnel from Smith's Gully, near the junction of the two branches of that gully, to a distance of about 1500 yards in a south-westerly direction, crossing at a vast depth all the reefs and leaders between the Border Chief and the Heart of Oak claims, under which last claim the tunnel will be about 1500 feet in depth.

In consequence of the extensive character of the above undertaking, it is determined to procure a first-class rock-drill, which it is confidently believed will revolutionise the present tedious and expensive method of piercing rock.

The promoters have made application for a special area of ground, and as a large number of persons will avail themselves of the share list now presented, they have every confidence of a favourable reply from the Government. They ask 150 yards on each side of the tunnel for its whole length.

The facilities for carrying on extensive quartz crushing works at the mouth of the proposed tunnel are excellent, and as there is a probability of such works being extensive in the event of a successful prosecution of the proposed undertaking, it is of importance that attention should be directed to it.

Being aware of the great success achieved by the promoters of a scheme of a similar character at Bendigo, and also knowing that similar schemes have met with marked success at the Thames, the promoters have considerable confidence in offering the present speculation to the public. They have no hesitation in declaring it the most promising speculation that has yet appeared for acceptance by the public, whether viewed as one for individual profit or as one contributing to solve the great question of the value of quartz reefs at the greatest depths obtainable by tunnel.

The promoters do not seek any compensation excepting a refund of trifling preliminary expenses, so that all money called up will be actually expended in prosecuting the work.

The first known reef will be crossed at (say) 400 feet, being the "Border Chief," which yielded at the rate of six ounces to the ton on the top; after which other reefs may be crossed at every ten to fifty feet, as per surface indications.

The share list will remain open at Cromwell, Quartzville, and Dunedin, and applications will be proportionately allotted, without any exceptions.

A deposit of one penny per share must accompany each application, and a halfpenny must be paid on allotment, after which monthly calls of one halfpenny, (and not exceeding one penny without special resolution of shareholders,) shall be payable towards carrying on the works.

Applications to be made, enclosing deposit, to Mr BENNETT, Quartzville; W. O. BALL, Dunedin; or to the undersigned, Cromwell.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH, Hon. Secretary.

ELIZABETH QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

A Fifth Call of 3s. per Share has been made payable on WEDNESDAY, 10th February 1875, at the Office of the Manager, Melmore-terrace, Cromwell.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH.

CROMWELL WATERWORKS.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Plan and Book of Reference required by the above Act, showing the properties about to be acquired by the Corporation for carrying out the proposed Waterworks, and the positions and the names of the present occupiers of the same, have been deposited at the Office of the Town Council, and may be inspected during reasonable hours for a period of three calendar months from the date hereof.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

9th January 1875.

SEVEN PER CENT. DEBENTURES.

£2000.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

The CORPORATION of CROMWELL is prepared to receive Applications for 40 DEBENTURES of £50 each, at the minimum price of £48 each, up to the 10th of February 1875.

A deposit of £5 per debenture must be paid on application, and balance before noon on 10th February, from which date each debenture will bear interest.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

Applications will be duly numbered on receipt, and will be dealt with consecutively.

V. R. NOTICE.

In pursuance of the 14th section of the Licensing Act 1873 Amendment Act 1874, I hereby give notice that the QUARTERLY LICENSING MEETING for the District of Cromwell Town and Cromwell District will be held on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of March, 1875, in the Courthouse, Cromwell, at the hour of noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration all Applications for Certificates for such Licenses as are authorised to be granted at the said meeting of the Licensing Court, and the Transfer or Renewal or Removal of Licenses, of which due notice shall have been given to me, for the aforesaid Districts in which the premises in respect of which such applications are made are situated respectively.

B. R. BAIRD,
Clerk to Licensing Court.

Office of Clerk to Licensing Court,
Cromwell, February 1, 1875.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION having been made to me by PETER KNUDSEN and others for a special grant of ground for mining purposes, situated on the Carrick Range, including the ground formerly known as the Old Royal Standard claim, and being in extent about 20 acres more or less: Notification is hereby made that anyone desirous of objecting to the same must do so in writing on or before FRIDAY, 19th February, 1875, the day fixed for hearing.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
January 29, 1875. Warden.

£3 REWARD.

LOST, from Wanaka Station, a BAY MARE, branded R 6 on near shoulder; also, a Dark-Brown COLT, branded M on the near shoulder. Any person delivering the above to the undersigned will receive the above-mentioned reward.

J. S. McLEAN.
Wanaka Station, Jan. 28, 1875.

CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

A MEETING OF SUBSCRIBERS is hereby convened for

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1875,
at 7 p.m., at the

TOWN HALL,

To elect a COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT for the ensuing year.

By order of the Building Committee.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Secretary.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1875.

By order of the Directors.

MR GEORGE FACHE has received instructions to sell by auction, on the above date, at the Company's Office, Cromwell, 2000 unallotted shares in the BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL Q.M. COMPANY.

All particulars at time of sale.

New Advertisements.

THE Holders of 14,000 shares in the BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL COMPANY having requested me to call a SPECIAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS, to consider the question of the sale of the 2000 shares, I hereby convene a meeting for WEDNESDAY EVENING, February 10, at 8 p.m.

EDWARD MURRELL,
Chairman of Directors.

I, THE Undersigned, do hereby make application to Register the "CROWN AND CROSS COMPANY," as a Limited Company, under the provisions of the "Mining Companies Act, 1872."

The name of the Company is to be the Crown and Cross Quartz Mining Company, Limited.

The place of operations is at Carrick Range.

The registered office of the Company will be at Cromwell.

The nominal capital of the Company is £6000, in 3000 shares of £2 each.

The number of shares subscribed for is 8000, being the entire number of shares in the Company.

The number of paid up shares is the whole number.

The amount already paid up is nominally £6000.

The name of the manager is James Marshall.

The names and addresses and occupations of the shareholders, and the number of shares held by each at this date, are as follows:—

William Watson, miner, Carrick, 1000;
Richard Herbert, miner, Carrick, 1000;
Daniel Cotton, miner, Carrick, 1000.

Dated this 8th day of February, 1875.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

Witness to signature:
WILLIAM MACNAB, Cromwell.

I, James Marshall, do solemnly and sincerely declare:—

1. I am the manager of the said intended Company.

2. The above statement is to the best of my belief and knowledge true in every particular. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Justices of the Peace Act, 1866."

JAMES MARSHALL

Taken before me, this 8th day of February, 1875.—DAVID A. JOLLY, J.P.

TENDERS.

TENDERS wanted for SINKING SHAFT, 6ft x 4ft, on new Aurora Lease, Bendigo. Separate tenders to be sent in to Mr Douglas, Bendigo, before the 29th February, 1875.

T. McMORRAN.

TENDERS.

TENDERS wanted for the CONSTRUCTION of a WATER RACE, about two miles in length, at Quartz Reef Point. Tenders to be received not later than MONDAY, 15th inst.

For further particulars, apply to

SAMUEL MOON,
On the ground.

Quartz Reef Point, Feb. 8, 1875.

NOTICE.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

WILLIAM HOWE, begs to intimate to the public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts that he has begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the premises lately erected by him two doors above Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street, Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade, W. H. is confident that he will give every satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

SALE OF LEASES OF CORPORATION TOWN ALLOTMENTS.

Mr GEORGE FACHE is instructed to sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 26th February, 1875, at the Town Hall, Cromwell,

The Leases of Corporation Sections for the term of 14 years, including that of the ground beside the Town Hall.

Particulars may be learned at my office.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

SALE BY AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1875,
at 11 a.m.

EDWARDS'S

NEVIS FERRY HOTEL & STABLES,
and other property.

GEORGE FACHE, instructed by Mr WILLIAM EDWARDS, who is leaving the District, will sell by public auction on the above date, (sale to commence at Eleven a.m. sharp.)

That well-known and highly valuable Roadside HOTEL and STORE, situate within quarter of a mile of and on the direct road to McCormick's Bridge, known as

EDWARDS'S NEVIS FERRY HOTEL, STORE, & POST-OFFICE.

Also, the whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,—consisting of Mahogany Sofa, Cheffonier, Loo Table, Harmonium, a Singer's Sewing Machine, Iron Bedsteads, Bedding, Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen Range, Portable Boiler, and every requisite of a well-furnished Hotel.

Also,

11-acre Paddock, Stack of Oats, about 1 acre of Potatoes, about 100 bushels of Oats, a lot of Chaff, Plough, Harrows, etc.

Also, Small mob of good useful Harness and Saddle HORSES, Milch COWS, Pigs, Poultry, Goats.

Express Waggon, Double and Single Harness, etc. etc. etc.

The whole to be sold without reserve.

TERMS AT SALE.

GEORGE FACHE,
Auctioneer.

The Nevis Ferry Hotel is so well and favourably known as a Roadside Hotel that comment is superfluous. The Auctioneer deems it necessary only to say that no more favourable opportunity for investment can possibly be offered.

BALANCE SHEET OF THE COURT ROYAL OAK OF KAWARAU, No. 4929, A.O.F.,

For the Year ending 26th December, 1874.

GENERAL FUND.		
Receipts.		
By Balance on December 27, 1873	£	s. d.
Three-fourths contributions	120	3 7
Proposition fees	73	13 9
Initiation fees	3	0 0
Interest	15	0 0
	3	0 0
	214	17 4

Expenditure.		
To District Funeral Fund	£	s. d.
District Incidental Fund	7	6 9
Medical attendance	3	2 0
Sick-pay	47	12 0
Refunded Examination Fees	16	0 0
Balance	1	5 0
	139	11 7
	214	17 4

INCIDENTAL FUND.		
Receipts.		
By Balance on December 27, 1873	£	s. d.
One-fourth contributions	59	8 6
Incidental Fund	24	11 3
Fines	6	8 0
Receipts for goods	2	14 6
Interest	4	0 0
	1	4 0
	98	6 3

Expenditure.		
To District for Goods	£	s. d.
Secretary's Commission	4	13 6
Stamps, carriage, etc.	5	8 6
Advertising and Printing Bye-laws	18	0
Medical attendance	6	15 0
Balance	23	14 0
	56	17 3
	98	6 3

CHARLES KOCH,
Secretary.
W. BENNETT
W. WATSON } Auditors.
E. BARNES

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

A Meeting of the MEMBERS of the ROBERT BRUCE LODGE is called at the SCHOOLHOUSE, Bannockburn, on SUNDAY next.

ALFRED PEACH.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CROWN AND CROSS QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, CARRICK RANGE.

The proprietors of the above Company, being anxious to erect a crushing-mill on or adjacent to their valuable quartz claim, known as the Crown and Cross, beg to lay the following facts before the investing public, with the hope that the object as stated may be carried out.

The ground now held by the proprietors is an ordinary six men's claim,—600 feet along the line of reef by 300 feet wide,—and within these boundaries are two if not more lines of reef, both of which have been proved to contain gold. From the first a yield was obtained of some 300 ozs. of gold, but owing to the charges for carting and crushing did not prove payable. The other reef, however, yielded the handsome return of 212 ozs. retorted gold from 180 tons of quartz. This crushing paid a good dividend. But if the battery had been on the ground, the results would have proved even more encouraging. The proprietors have now 120 tons of quartz from this latter reef on its way to the mill.

The proprietors have traced this reef 300 feet along the surface, finding it to carry payable gold throughout; and have sunk two shafts, one 30 and the other 40 feet, from which the above quartz was obtained. They have also driven a tunnel in 80 feet, which has cut the reef two feet thick at a depth of 75 feet from the surface. In the reef at this depth gold is plainly visible. By continuing this tunnel, the other reef would be cut at a depth of 180 feet.

Professor Ulrich, when inspecting this mine, gave it as his opinion that the proprietors would cut yet another reef, known as the Try Again, which would considerably enhance the value of the property now offered.

The proprietors propose floating the company as follows:—The capital will be £6000, in 3000 shares of £2 each, of which the present proprietors will retain one-half, (1500,) and now offer the balance to the public. As soon as 1000 shares are applied for, it is their intention to devote £600 of the proceeds to erect the crushing-mill on the claim,—the said mill being in the first place to crush the company's stone, and, when disengaged, to crush for the public at a remunerative rate. The proprietors have secured an excellent mill-site at the junction of the two branches of Smith's gully, from which they can obtain a plentiful supply of water for crushing purposes. It is the intention to drive the mill by steam power at the beginning, and until more water shall be available for the motive power.

For any further particulars respecting the above property, apply to

HERBERT, WATSON, & COTTON,
On the ground; or

JAMES MARSHALL,
Cromwell.

PUBLIC MEETING.

THE BANNOCKBURN and CARRICK MINERS' ASSOCIATION call a PUBLIC MEETING of the ELECTORS of the district to consider the action taken by our representative at the last session of the Provincial Council. The meeting to be held at the Bannockburn SCHOOLROOM on SATURDAY, 13th February, at half-past seven o'clock p.m.

D. W. MCGREGOR,
Secretary.

CARRICK GREAT TUNNEL CO.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will take place at the Town Hall on FRIDAY Evening, 12th February, 1875. Business of importance.

Intending shareholders are invited to attend.
CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Secretary.

JOHN WRIGHT, NEWS AGENT, &c., CROMWELL.

J. WRIGHT begs to inform the public of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that he has been appointed Agent in place of Mr Isaac Wright, and hopes by punctuality in delivery and general attention to orders, to merit the support so liberally bestowed on his predecessor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CROMWELL.

A SOIREE

Will be held in the SCHOOLHOUSE on

THURSDAY EVENING,
February 11, 1875,

In connection with the Induction Services to take place on that evening.

The Revs. W. BANNERMAN, R. TELFORD, and W. CAMERON will deliver addresses.

Tea on the Table at seven p.m. Admission, 3s. Tickets may be had at Messrs Jolly & Co.'s store, and at the Office of this Paper.

WANTED, a Smart, Intelligent YOUTH, to learn the Printing Business. Apply at the Office of this Paper.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

J. SOLOMON,
DRAPER AND CLOTHIER,
Has removed to the premises lately occupied by Mr I. WRIGHT, in Melmore-street, Cromwell.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for the United Kingdom, the Continents of Europe, Asia, Africa, etc., via Suez, will close at this office on Friday, the 12th inst., at 2.30 p.m. Registered Letters and Money Orders at 2 p.m.

C. E. NICHOLAS,
Postmaster.

MARRIAGE.

In Dunedin, on February 2, EDWARD C. CHILTON, of Bannockburn, to MARGARETTA EDITH EDDIE, of Dunedin.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1875.

We have been requested to intimate that, Wednesday being Ash Wednesday, and the first day in Lent, service will be held in the Church of England, in the evening, at half-past eight o'clock.

On Thursday evening first, the services in connection with the induction of the Rev. B. Drake to the pastorate of the Presbyterian congregation are to take place. The Revs. Messrs Bannerman (South Clutha), Telford (Teviot), and Cameron (Taupaka), are the ministers deputed by the Presbytery to conduct the induction services. It will be seen by advertisement that it is intended to hold a soiree in connection with the affair, and although the notice is rather short, there is every prospect of a good attendance.

The Town Council, at their last meeting, had laid before them for consideration the report of the Engineer for the waterworks, Mr G. M. Barr. The report is a very full and complete one, and will no doubt be attentively read by the ratepayers. It is even more favourable than any previous one with regard to the Firewood Creek scheme of supply,—its efficiency and cheapness of carrying out. Mr Barr is a man of high reputation in his profession, and is known as a cautious and conscientious engineer,—the very last man, who might be expected to lay on the rose-colour. His statements and estimates may with all certainty be accepted as correct and well-considered, and we feel sure his report on the proposed scheme will do much to remove any lurking doubts there may be in the minds of some as to the wisdom of the choice by the Council of Firewood Creek as the source of supply. The Council are well pleased with the report, which they carefully considered on Friday night, and they evince a most praiseworthy determination to act upon it to such extent as may be in their power with as little delay as possible. A copy of the document will be found in our report of Town Council proceedings.

Elsewhere will be found an advertisement of the sale of Mr Edwards's premises and stock at Nevis Ferry. The hotel recommends itself as a first-class investment, and will doubtless occasion strong competition. Those in search of bargains in almost any line will notice that a good opportunity is afforded them by this sale.

The Bannockburn Miners' Association call a public meeting for Saturday night, with the view of obtaining an expression of opinion regarding the conduct of Mr MacKellar at the last session of the Provincial Council. Very probably there will be an excited meeting, for Mr MacKellar has many warm admirers in the Bannockburn district, who will likely be prepared to do battle for him.

The Rev. Joshua Jones has now fairly taken his departure from this district, to take charge of the Wakatipu cure, rendered vacant by the resignation of the Rev. Jackson Smith. Mr Jones's removal from the district is much deplored. His ministrations as a clergyman have been accepted with much favour, and his genial and gentlemanly manner in private life have been the means of attaching many friends to him. Since his arrival in the district, the Episcopalian have become a united body, almost entirely owing to his unwearied exertions to this end. He has performed the up-hill work of forming congregations in the different centres with every success. The Rev. J. Dewe, of the Teviot, is to be Mr Jones' successor in the Dunstan district.

The case of the Corporation *versus* Marsh, for the recovery of the present year's rates, was elected by the Resident Magistrate on Friday last in favour of the Corporation. Mr Marsh has elected to appeal to a higher Court, and has taken the preliminary steps to that end. Very probably the question of whether the Corporation can or can not force payment of this year's rate will be six months before it is decided.

The Chinese have been holding high holiday throughout the district. During last week the new year began, and there has been a universal cessation of work among them. They don't go in for horse-racing, and we have not seen them indulging in anything in the athletic line: none of them appear to pretend to excellence in the hop-step-and-jump line, or to anything like fast time for a hundred yards,—they are contented to leave such idiotic (according to their light) sports and pastimes to the white barbarians. They feast, let off crackers, and gamble: ducks and fowls, roast and boiled, are made away with in great numbers, while in the intervals of eating many of them do their best to make "ducks and drakes" of their earnings.

We remind Hospital subscribers that the meeting for the election of a Committee of Management is to take place on Thursday.

Last Friday, while driving in the tunnel in the Crown and Cross claim, Carrick Range, the reef was struck. The thickness of it where struck is two feet, and gold is plainly visible in it throughout. The proprietors of this claim have determined to throw it open to the public, and the terms on which they do so appear to be very favourable. The prospectus will be found advertised in another column.

The Corporation have at last taken steps to turn the municipal reserves to account,—to make them reproductive, which was Cr Grant's election-cry three years ago. They have at last found out where these reserves are situated, and have arranged to have the leases of them put up for competition at public auction. That valuable piece of ground next the Town-hall is among the reserves to be submitted for sale, and a lively rivalry may be expected for its purchase.

A telegram from Auckland in the *Daily Times* of Thursday, 4th instant, says:—"Some sensation was caused this afternoon, by the announcement of the arrest of Mr Leggett, Clerk to the Provincial Council, on a charge of embezzling £80. A cheque for the amount was given him a year ago, by Mr O'Rourke, the Speaker, to send to London for the purchase of library books. The non-receipt of the books led to enquiries, and it was discovered that the cheque had been cashed, but no draft purchased. It is not known yet whether there are any other defalcations."

Everything is at "sixes and sevens" with regard to the Nelson Corporation affairs. A telegram dated the 3rd instant, says:—"At a meeting of the City Council last night, all the members but two resigned in consequence of a resolution passed by a meeting of ratepayers, that the Council had lost their respect and confidence. The Corporation has an overdraft of £1700 at the Bank, which dishonoured their cheques yesterday."

The small-bore match at the recent Intercolonial Prize-Firing at the Thames was won by Hoskins, of the Thames, with 76 points; Walker, 72; Christie, 71; Churton, 67; Wilson, 66. Christie (of the Taieri) and Walker, it will be remembered, are old contestants in the matter of shooting.

The Dunedin Arcade is shortly to undergo extensive alterations and improvements. The business places on the eastern side are to be demolished, and re-built in a more substantial style; and there are to be vast alterations on the other side also.

The Queenstown slander case, Malaghan v. Wenckheim, was disposed of at the Supreme Court on Monday, the 1st instant, before a special jury. The damages claimed were laid at £1000, and the circumstances under which they were claimed were briefly these:—Malaghan bought part of the effects in M'Larn's estate, in which Wenckheim was a creditor. Wenckheim to one or two persons stated that Malaghan had dishonoured the bills of exchange he had given, and gave this as the reason why no dividend was forthcoming in the estate. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff on all the issues to the effect that defendant had uttered the words maliciously, and in a defamatory sense; but only assessed the damages at one farthing. The *Dunstan Times* says the law expenses will probably amount to £500.

The following is a list of letters received at the Cromwell post-office in September, and remaining unclaimed till the end of January:—Berniey, John; Deem, Mr Y.; Dempster, Mr A. F.; Drew, Lewis Frederick; Harding, Mr Edward; Harrison, Mr; Jones, Mr Elias R.; Moncrieff, Mr John; Murray, John; Rigg, Mr Edward; Taylor, Mr Walter.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

MONDAY, 8 p.m.

The San Francisco mails were delivered in Dunedin on Friday.

At a meeting of the Sailors' Home Committee on Friday night, a ballot was taken among the applicants, and Mr Eckhoff was appointed Master of the Home.

Henare Paitu, an old Maori chief, who has lived for some years at Riverton, died at the Maori Kaik at Otago Heads last week, while on a visit there. He was the oldest man of the tribe, and was said to be 120 years of age.

At the Resident Magistrate's Court on Friday morning last, Thomas Johnston was placed in the dock on a charge of committing a capital offence. The Press and the public were excluded. The evidence of the female witnesses is said to have been of the most revolting nature. The prisoner, who is an old man and a cripple, it is alleged, has repeatedly outraged three of his step-daughters since 1873. The youngest was at that time only nine years old, and by the eldest, seventeen years old, he has had two children. He has been committed for trial at the next criminal sittings of the Supreme Court.

The New Zealand Gazette gives statistics of the trade returns.

Last year's imports were of the value of £8,121,812. Those of the previous year were £6,464,687.

The exports for 1874 were £5,251,269. Those of 1873, £5,610,371.

The following is a comparative statement of the imports at the principal ports during 1874: Auckland, £1,546,438; Wanganui, £69,473; Wellington, £1,034,657; Napier, £214,182; Nelson, £314,160; Greymouth,

£185,609; Hokitika, £267,435; Lyttleton, £1,479,452; Dunedin, £2,589,500.

Auckland telegrams contain long reports of a meeting between the Native Minister and King Tawhiao, at which satisfactory progress was made towards a better understanding between the Government and Tawhiao.

CHRISTCHURCH, February 5.

A sad accident occurred at the crossing of the Rangitata river yesterday.

Mr Hunt, the head-master of the Timaru Grammar School, his wife, and mother-in-law, were crossing in a buggy driven by Hunt.

The ladies became frightened, stood up in buggy, and capsized it. The whole of the occupants were drowned.

They were crossing at the proper ford, and no accident would have occurred if the ladies had not got frightened.

The bodies have been recovered.

LATEST AUSTRALIAN NEWS.

SYDNEY, February 2.

The Government have been defeated on an amendment to the Reply to the Governor's address, censuring the Ministry re Gardiner's release. The Opposition had a majority of four. The resignation of the Government has been accepted.

MELBOURNE, February 2.

Victoria has applied by telegram for 1500 feet floor space, and 7500 feet of wall space, at the Philadelphia Exhibition.

ADELAIDE, February 2.

Sir James Fisher was buried to-day. There was a large public cortege.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

THE MEMBER FOR KAWARAU.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—I see in your paper of date February 2, 1875, at the annual meeting of the members of the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Miners' Association, that the following motion was put to the meeting and carried unanimously:—"That this Association is of opinion that Mr MacKellar has broken his pledge to support any measure which would tend to reduce taxation of the goldfields, by not supporting either by voice or vote, the resolution passed in the Provincial Council to reduce the export duty on gold; and further, that he has misrepresented his constituents by giving his support to and ultimately joining a Government whose policy is unfavourable to the Goldfields." I have the honour of being a member of the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Miners' Association, but was not present at the meeting referred to; and I fail to see that Mr MacKellar has misrepresented his constituents by giving his support to and ultimately joining the Donald Reid Government. When Mr MacKellar was addressing the electors at Carrickton, (before any one knew that he would be the chosen of the people), he plainly said his sympathies were with the Reid party; and, if I mistake not, said that he was in favour of the policy adopted by Mr Reid, and gave us to understand that he would support the party that is now in office. I consider that Messrs Reid, Stout, and Gillies are wise and able politicians, who are not at all likely to legislate so as to enrich one class of people at the expense of others; and in my opinion, we ought to be proud to see our representative holding such an honourable position. It is not only a credit to himself, but the credit reflects back on his constituency. But Mr MacKellar has treated the Bannockburn people with indifference, if not contempt, by not holding a meeting at the Bannockburn when he came back from Dunedin, so that he could have given us an account of his stewardship. The Bannockburn people were his strongest supporters, and are deserving of some little consideration. And certainly Mr MacKellar ought to have been in the Council Chamber when the gold duty question was being discussed, and should have given his vote in favour of reducing the duty on gold. If the members of the Provincial Council had to a man been in favour of reducing that duty, they would have had great influence with the General Government, and consequently the gold duty would have been reduced. But it would almost appear that Mr MacKellar knew that the Provincial Secretary and his colleagues were not in favour of reducing the export duty, and was afraid to vote against the Government, lest he might not be requested to take the office of Goldfields Secretary,—an office that was at that time vacant. In short, to speak plainly, I am afraid that Mr MacKellar was office-hunting, and in my opinion his conduct is reprehensible, not because he joined the Donald Reid Government, but for his conduct in not exerting himself to benefit the mining population.—I am, &c., JOHN M'KERSIE.

Carrickton, February 6, 1875.

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

SLAUGHTERING LICENSE.

The application of D. Aubrey for a license as above at Carrickton was refused, the police stating that representations had been made to them by the inhabitants of Carrickton that a yard in the place applied for would be a nuisance.

TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

The application of Anders Olsen, for a temporary transfer of his license to David Murley, was granted, certain objections on the part of the police having been satisfactorily explained away.

JUDGMENT.

Charles Colclough v. John Marsh.—In this case, said the Magistrate, the defence rests entirely on nonsuit points, raised by Mr Wilson,

acting as solicitor for the defendant. The first point raised was that Charles Colclough acted as Town Clerk of Cromwell, and as such had no authority to sue. The words "Town Clerk" were superfluous, in his opinion, and the Ordinance gave power to the person appointed to collect the rates to sue for them in his own christian and surname. Mr Colclough had done this, and therefore he thought nonsuit point one must fall to the ground. Point two had been abandoned; and on point three most weight was laid by the solicitor. The Magistrate entered at length upon the consideration of this point, which was that the rate proved was not the rate due, on the ground of a confusion of dates, which rendered it possible for defendant not to imagine that two rates had been struck. In this light, the Magistrate said, he could not see it, and looked upon the mistake as to date as a mere clerical error, and one not likely in any way to mislead defendant, or any of the ratepayers. In coming to this decision with regard to point three, he was actuated by considerable doubt. The solicitor for the defence had appeared to be very sanguine in the matter, and his opinion was one he had every respect for. He would like to see the case taken to a higher Court, and would give every facility for an appeal. In coming to his decision, also, he felt bound to pay attention to the results to the Corporation in the event of an adverse judgment. He felt inclined to give the Corporation the benefit of the doubt. With regard to the last point, as to "days of grace" in the rate notice, he thought, delivery having been made on December 23, while payment was not required before January 1, the days in the interim might be regarded as days of grace, and as, in some measure, complying with the terms of the act as regards the time to be allowed for payment. In conclusion, he must say that the wording of the rate notice was bad in the extreme, and must recommend a change. He would therefore give judgment for plaintiff in the amount claimed, £8 8s 9d, but would be willing at once to give leave to appeal.

Mr Johnston, for the Corporation, asked for two witnesses' expenses, and professional costs.

The Magistrate allowed professional costs, and the expenses of one witness.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

COMPLAINT.

Edward Birchall v. J. W. Escott and party.—Plaintiff applied that defendants might be ordered to alter the head of their present race from the Lowburn Creek.

Mr F. J. Wilson appeared for portion of the defendants. It appeared that plaintiff had failed to discover the names of the whole party owning the race—which is known as the Westmoreland,—and that the Corporation of Cromwell, while owning a share, had not been summoned. Mr Wilson did not appear for the Corporation.

Defendant, having now been put in possession of the names of the whole of the owners of the race, was allowed to withdraw the present summons, on payment of 21s costs, with the view of summoning the whole of the defendants.

APPLICATIONS.

Protection.—T. Williamson and another, 90 days for claim in Bailey's gully: granted.—Ah Ping and another, 30 days for claim in Smith's gully: granted.—G. W. Goodger and five others, 90 days for claim on Brown's flat,—cause, wishing to prospect: granted for 30 days for four men's ground.

Extended Claims.—J. Johnston and another, two acres in Bailey's gully: granted.—John Pryle and another, two acres in Bailey's gully: granted.—David Stewart and another, two acres in Bailey's gully: granted.—Smith M'Lennan and another, two acres in Bailey's gully: granted.—W. M'Namara and another, two acres at head of Adams's gully: objected to by Josiah Green, on the ground that he already held a certificate for a claim and race on the ground applied for, and adjourned for a week, with a view to a settlement being come to.

Tail Race.—T. Williamson and another, from claim in Bailey's gully: this application had been objected to on previous Court-day by Robertson and another, but a settlement had since been come to, and objections were now withdrawn, and the application was granted.—J. Williams and three others, from claim in Pipeclay: objection by M'Coll and Muir on previous Court-day now withdrawn, and application granted on conditions agreed to by both parties.—Thomas Robertson and two others, from claim in Bailey's gully: objections by Williamson and another withdrawn, and permission granted, as applied for, to extend tail-race.—John Menzies and three others, from claim in Bailey's gully: objection by Robertson and others withdrawn, and application granted.—W. M'Namara and another, from claim at head of Adams's gully: adjourned, as was the case with extended claim application, for arrangement with Green and party.—J. T. H. Brown, from claim in Bailey's gully: granted.

Water Race.—Joseph L. Moore, Bannockburn: granted.

Dam.—J. L. Moore, on Doctor's flat: granted. Residence Area.—James Scott, one acre on west side of Kawarau Gorge: adjourned for presence of applicant.

New Discovery.—Great Rush to the Great Clearing Sale at the London House.—W. Tailboys would call the attention of the public to the cheapest sale ever held in Cromwell, and is fully aware that it is only necessary to make it known to cause a GREAT RUSH, for the public know from experience the great bargains to be obtained at this house, at such a time in particular. Inspection is invited, and is bound to cause a purchase. The price list will be found in another column.—ADVT.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Rheumatism and Neuralgia.—Though the former disease remorselessly attacks the young and the robust, and the latter ruthlessly selects its victims from the weak and delicate, the same medical treatment will infallibly cure both complaints. After the affected parts have been diligently fomented with hot brine, and the skin has been dried, Holloway's Ointment must be well and perseveringly rubbed in for a few minutes twice a day, and his Pills must be taken according to the printed directions wrapped round each box of his medicine.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The ordinary meeting of the Town Council was held on Friday evening last, in the Town-hall. Present: the Mayor (Mr Jolly), Cr Taylor, Arndt, Whetter, Talboys, and Grant.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The outward correspondence, in accordance with the orders of last meeting, was read and confirmed.

The inward correspondence was read and received.

The Town Council of Alexandra wrote, asking the co-operation of the Cromwell Council in the matter of a petition for the formation of a road from Waikata Bush to Alexandra. With regard to this matter, Cr Taylor moved, Cr Grant seconded, and it was carried, "That further information be asked, as to the probable cost of the road, value of timber, etc., as without some information of the sort the Council would not be justified in giving their co-operation in a matter of which they are ignorant."

CORPORATION RESERVES.

The Town Clerk had prepared a list of the Corporation reserves throughout the town, and this was laid before the Council.

Cr Grant moved, and Cr Taylor seconded, "That the leasehold of the reserves for a period of fourteen years be opened to competition by public auction."—Carried.

It was agreed to employ Mr G. Fache as auctioneer, and to advertise the sale in the local and Dunstan papers.

With regard to the conditions of sale, it was thought advisable to leave these to be determined by a special meeting, which was agreed to be held on the 18th instant.

ACCOUNTS.

Several accounts presented were referred to the Finance Committee.

Sums of £25 were ordered to be paid on account to the Town Clerk and the dayman; and the assessors' account for £8 8s was passed for payment.

THE PROPOSED WATERWORKS.

The Town Clerk read the following report from Mr G. M. Barr, C.E., and it was taken into consideration by the Council:—

Gentlemen,—I have now made calculations and estimates, grounded upon the surveys I executed, for your proposed water supply from Firewood creek, and now beg to submit the following report thereupon, for your guidance in determining the amount of water you will have brought into town and the extent of its distribution, before final contracts are prepared.

As you are aware, my survey had exclusive reference to the supply from Firewood Creek,—by taking advantage of the race already constructed, from its high level to terrace above Cromwell. On the 1st of December, 1874, I gauged the flow of water in that race, and found it equal to a quantity of 340 gallons per minute, which is very much in excess of the present requirements of your population; but this being only a single observation, and that at a time of the year when the creeks are not at their lowest, I cannot offer it to you as the permanent capacity of this source. But this is of less consequence, as you had already satisfied yourselves of the sufficiency of this source for your purposes before my visit.

All that this determines is, that the race already constructed is capable of conveying an amount of water in excess of the domestic and sanitary wants of the population, and opens up the question as to whether provision should be made in the piping for conveying such quantity as would permit some of it being used in irrigating the sand-hills adjoining the township. The first question to be decided is as to the quantity of water to be supplied per head of your population, and, unfortunately, such cannot be fixed exactly from the experience of other towns, that varying within very wide limits among different cities, whose circumstances do not seem so diverse as to account for the difference. In Britain, the range is from 20 to 52 gallons per head per day in different cities, which provides for all domestic, sanitary, and manufacturing purposes. In Melbourne, I believe that in the hot seasons the consumption has been as high as 120 gallons. In the case of Cromwell, seeing that there is a considerable portion of the summer that the temperature is much higher than experienced in Britain, I do not think it would be advisable to calculate for anything less than (say) 50 gallons per day per head.

In order to give you sufficient data, I estimate below for two schemes, founded upon population and rate per head; but, as will be seen further in this report, the maximum to be brought into town may be decided upon other grounds than a mere present supply per head. In the following estimates the population of Cromwell is taken at 400, and the service reservoir as capable of holding three days' supply. The pipes are also calculated for the maximum hourly demand, which is usually about double the average:—

For 50 gallons per head per day.
Reservoir, including overflows, outlet-valves, and all adjuncts ... £170
1in. pipe from reservoir to Bridge ... 64
1½in. pipe from Bridge along Innis and Inniscort-streets, to join present pipe ... 120
1½in. pipe from Bridge along Melmore-terrace to present pipe ... 247
Hydrants, valves, &c. ... 60
Add 5 per cent. for contingencies ... 37

For 100 gallons per head per day.
Reservoir, including all adjuncts as above ... £200
1in. pipe from reservoir to Bridge ... 74
2in. pipe from Bridge along Innis and Inniscort streets to present pipe ... 250
2in. pipe from Bridge along Melmore-terrace to present pipe ... 309
Hydrants, valves, &c. ... 60
Add 5 per cent. for contingencies ... 44

£237
You will observe, however, that neither of the sizes of pipes above quoted would be sufficient to keep your present 4 inch ones charged; and

hence the irrigation of the sandhills would be unprovided for, nor would provision be made for such an increase of population as may reasonably be expected in the future, so that the question becomes enlarged, and it will be necessary to decide whether either or both of these requirements are to be satisfied. On calculation, I find that to keep the 4 inch pipe already laid fully charged, a 3 inch pipe from the reservoir to the bridge would be necessary, which would be capable of delivering at the rate of 265 gallons per minute, or sufficient for a population five times as numerous as at present at 100 gallons per head per day. If this were gone into now, of course the difference between present consumption for household and other purposes in the town and the full capacity of the pipes, would be available for irrigation. You will perceive, also, that this increase in size of piping means increased reservoir room. The estimate, according to this scheme, is as follows:—

Reservoir, including all adjuncts as above ... £503
3in. pipe from reservoir to Bridge ... 129
4in. pipe from Bridge along Innis and Inniscort-streets to present pipe ... 397
4in. pipe from Bridge along Melmore-terrace to present pipe ... 517
Hydrants, valves, &c. ... 80
Add 5 per cent. for contingencies ... 81

£1707
In this case, probably a reservoir of less dimension would be sufficient; but in the event of the store being drawn upon, the supply, to all purposes except domestic and sanitary, would require to be stopped during the time that water was not entering the reservoir.

As you may wish to consider the cost of supply by pipes along the side streets, I may state generally that the total cost of a 2½ inch pipe would be about £5 10s per chain.

Before preparing any contracts, I would now request to be furnished with your views upon which of the above schemes you will adopt, and whether contracts are to include the whole supply of material and workmanship. I believe it would be better to contract for the reservoir alone at present, import the pipes from Britain, and then contract for the laying of them.—I have the honour to be, Gentlemen, your obedient servant,

GEORGE M. BARR, C.E.

Cr Grant proposed, Cr Arndt seconded, and it was carried, "That the Engineer's report on Waterworks be received and approved; and that scheme No. 3 be the one to receive consideration at the hands of the Council, subject to such additions or deductions as the Council may think fit."

The Town Clerk was requested to communicate this decision to Mr Barr.

The Council then went into consideration of the scheme proposed. A long and animated discussion then took place. Cr Talboys moved, and Cr Whetter seconded, "That that portion of the scheme providing a main along Inniscort-street be not proceeded with at present."—Carried.

On the motion of Cr Whetter, seconded by Cr Arndt, it was decided that no greater sum than £250 be spent in the construction of a reservoir.

With regard to the matter of contracting, it was decided that the work be divided into three separate contracts,—one for the construction of the reservoir, one for the supply of the pipes, and the other for their laying.

This concluded the business, and a vote of thanks to the Mayor terminated the meeting.

BANNOCKBURN & CARRICK RANGE MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Committee of the above Association was held on Wednesday evening last. There were present: Messrs Buchan (chair), Pryde, Ray, Saltoun, Moore, Anderson, Smiddy, Smart, and M'Gregor (secretary).

Proposed by Mr Ray, seconded by Mr M'Gregor, and carried, "That the Association call a public meeting of the electors of the district to see what steps, if any, they will take to be properly represented at the forthcoming sitting of the Provincial Council, as the members of this Association have no faith in the present member while holding a seat in the Reid-Turnbull Executive."

Proposed by Mr Smiddy, seconded by Mr Anderson, and carried, "That the Secretary be instructed to call a public meeting of the electors of the district by advertisement, to consider the actions of our representative, Mr MacKellar, at the last sitting of the Provincial Council,—the meeting to be held in the Bannockburn Schoolroom, on February 13, at half-past seven o'clock p.m."

Proposed by Mr Smart, seconded by Mr Ray, and carried, "That the Secretary be instructed to forward a copy of the preceding motion to Mr MacKellar."

Mr Smart proposed, and Mr Pryde seconded, and it was carried, "That Messrs Ray, Moore, and the Secretary be appointed a Committee to draw up a petition to the Provincial Council praying that the Government may purchase the Kawarau Bridge, and throw it open to the public free of charge."

Proposed by Mr Moore, seconded by Mr Ray, "That the Secretary write to Mr Patterson, to see whether he will accept the office of postmaster, and if he accepts, then to write to the Chief Postmaster, Dunedin, asking him to confirm the appointment."—Carried.

Proposed by Mr Moore, seconded by Mr Anderson, and carried, "That the Secretary write to the Warden asking him to send to the Association one hundred electoral application forms, also a few copies of the Electoral Roll."

Proposed by Mr Moore, seconded by Mr Anderson, and carried, "That the special claim applied for by Knudsen and party be objected to."

WRESTLING MATCH.

The wrestling match in the Cornish style between Ben Hoare and T. Trevathan came off on Saturday last, on the Cromwell flat, about three o'clock. There was an attendance of considerably over one hundred people. "Cousin Jacks" were there in galore, and took the greatest interest throughout in the proceedings. One rather curious thing about Cornish wrestling is that even among those who know most about it, the difference of opinion as to "a fall" or not is something extraordinary; quite as many are of the one opinion as are of the other. The umpires' billet is therefore not a position to be envied, although it is only fair to state that the gentlemen to whom the duties were entrusted on Saturday appeared to give almost universal satisfaction,—to give entire satisfaction is an impossibility, to all appearances. The umpires were Messrs S. Thomas and R. Varcoe, of the Carrick, and Mr William Madden was chosen referee. The match was arranged to be decided by three falls out of five, and Hoare scoring three falls in succession, the match was decided in his favour. The first bout was but of short duration, Trevathan coming to grass just at the moment when he appeared to the uninitiated to have obtained the advantage. The second bout resulted in what many held to be a fall to Trevathan, Hoare going down apparently cleanly enough, and there was considerable applause in favour of Trevathan; but the umpires knew better, and decided "no fall." From this out, there were a number of "no falls," Hoare, however, generally having the advantage, and Trevathan coming to grass. On coming up to what proved the finishing bout, the men lost very little time, and after some smart work and desperate hugging Trevathan received the cleanest fall of the day. Hoare was the general favourite, having a well-earned reputation as a wrestler, and the betting, after the first bout, was moving at two to one. Trevathan, however, had many admirers, and these only admired him the more on account of the quiet, kindly way he took his beating. The men were very evenly matched as regards weight, and the loser especially was in splendid condition; but Hoare is greatly his superior in science, and has reputation enough to frighten any ordinary man. Trevathan was plucky to match himself against a man like Ben Hoare, and deserved a better fate, although, as we have said, he took his beating like a man.

Some amusement was created after the match by the sportiveness of two well-known publicans in the district,—one a nuggetty little gentleman, who professed himself ready to "rattle any man, Cornish style, seven-stone weight, for a five-pound note," and the other a ponderous, portly gentleman of something like seventeen stone. The two donned the wrestling jackets, and stepped into the middle of the ring amid the cheers of the onlookers. Having shaken hands, the shorter proceeded to get his grip, in true scientific fashion. But it was no use; his opponent having asked him if he was ready, and got an affirmative answer, quietly took him by the two shoulders and landed him on his back before he could say "Jack Robinson," while the spectators simply roared. The vanquished wished to beat a retreat, but the "old horse" was not to be denied: he would have "two out of three," and proceeded to repeat the dose in the most good-humoured and easy-going fashion.

In the evening, in the township, a trotting match between two local horses, and one or two foot-races, came off, being a fitting termination to the day's proceedings.

MR ULRICH'S REPORT.

Mr Ulrich has presented the following interim report to His Honor the Superintendent:—

Sir,—I have the honour to report that in obedience to instructions contained in letter of 18th ultimo, I have inspected the quartz-mining localities of Tokomairiro, Blue Spur, Waipori, Conroy's and Butcher's Gullies, near Alexandra; of Bendigo and the Carrick Ranges, near Cromwell; Arrow, Skippers' Creek, the Rough Ridge, Macrae's Flat, and Shag Valley—the last in company of Messrs Harvey and Rich—the rest under the most valuable guidance of the Secretary for the Goldfields, Mr D. MacKellar. Since my return to Dunedin I have also examined the Saddle Hill Reef, Green Island; and the Peninsula Quartz Reef, near Portobello. The copious and extensive notes of the observations I made during these inspections, referring to the character of the reefs, modes of working, crushing machinery, the appliances used for saving the gold, &c., I purpose, with your approval, to embody in a detailed report, which, as far as I can judge, may occupy up to a hundred foolscap pages, and the drawing up of which will require considerable time and attention. As all my available time has been occupied in travelling and inspections, and I am obliged to return to Victoria by first opportunity, I am not able to prepare and present this report previous to my departure, but shall commence to work on it immediately after my arrival in Melbourne. This unavoidable delay in furnishing this report has, in a great measure, been rendered immaterial, however, as with due regard to the objects of my mission, I have taken every opportunity to freely express to the proprietors and managers of the various mines my views on all the important points concerning the character and mode of working of the reefs, and more especially on the appliances in use for saving the gold, furnishing them with sketches and directions for working of new appliances that I knew from experience in Victoria to be more effective for the purpose. Besides this, all the goldfields and city newspapers—more especially the Otago Daily Times—have greatly furthered my mission by publishing reports of my proceedings in the districts I visited. As a general result of my inspection, I may anticipate my full report in

stating that I found the auriferous capabilities of this province of a higher order than I was led to expect from current reports. The drift deposits seem to me practically inexhaustible, whilst, as regards the auriferous quartz reefs opened, they are, with few exceptions, as well defined and promising as any in Victoria, and it requires only improvements in the gold-saving appliances to show their real value, and intelligent and energetic prospecting, to greatly increase their number.

"In conclusion, I may be permitted to say that in nearly every instance I received the utmost and fullest information from the various mine proprietors and managers with whom I came in contact.—I have, &c.,

"GEORGE H. F. ULRICH, F.G.S.,
"Consulting Mining Geologist and Engineer.
"To His Honor the Superintendent,
"Dunedin, February 1st, 1875."

PROSPECTUS OF THE YOUNG AUSTRALIAN QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, CARRICK RANGE.

Registered under the Mining Companies Act, 1872.

Capital £9000, in 1800 Shares of £5 each.

The Proprietors of the Mine, Messrs Williams and Edwards, who have both been long and favourably known in the district as thoroughly practical and competent quartz miners, intend offering about 800 of these Shares to the public.

It is admitted by all acquainted with the Carrick Range that this is by far the most valuable mine in the district. It has been thoroughly opened up and prospected, and a Lease of Ten Acres has been secured.

The mine was taken up by the present proprietors in November 1872. During 1873, after it had been prospected by shaft, a tunnel was put in and the reef cut at about 85 feet from the surface; 700 tons were taken out and crushed, with a yield of 752½ ozs., or an average of 2¼ dwts. per ton. The mine being situated a distance of two miles from any mill, and cartage being a very serious item, it was determined to erect crushing machinery on the ground. The Conroy's Gully mill—a first-class plant, supplied by Messrs Kincaid, M'Queen, and Co. of Dunedin—was purchased, and has been erected on the ground at a cost of about £1000. During 1874, from six to ten men were employed in prospecting and opening up the mine. A distance of 250 feet has been driven along the reef, rises have been put up at intervals of about 40 feet, and two shafts sunk with the reef to the water level, 93 feet below the present workings. The only stone crushed during the present season was taken from these prospecting drives in different parts of the mine. The quantity crushed was 150 tons, which gave 187 ozs. 2 dwts., or nearly 25 dwts. per ton.

The height of stone over head along the 250 feet driven is 80 feet. Of this about one-half has been taken out and crushed with the result already stated. Two shafts have also been sunk 93 feet below the present level to the water; the reef all through, where opened up, runs from eighteen inches to six feet in depth.

During the progress of the work last year, a second reef was discovered, running parallel to the other, at a distance of forty feet; and this was driven along for some length. The reef averaged two feet in thickness, and gave prospects of from twelve to fifteen pennyweights per ton. None of this was crushed, as the mill was then in course of erection.

The mine is situated close to the termination of the Carrick Water Company's race, and sufficient water is now available to drive the mill; and as the latter is placed close to the mouth of the tunnel, working expenses will be very light. Six dwts. per ton is considered an ample margin to cover the cost of raising and crushing. The proprietors estimate that there is sufficient stone in sight to keep the mill going for three years, with most of the dead work done. A shaft has been sunk in the Company's lease about 100 feet from the end of the present workings, and the reef, with similar prospects, has been struck at a depth of 60 feet from the surface.

Mr Samuel Williams, one of the proprietors, so well known as a mine manager at Bendigo and the Carrick, will continue as manager of the mine. He intends, while the present stone is being worked, to put in a tunnel which would strike the reef about 300 feet deeper than the present level; it would not be a very long one, as the nature of the country presents unusual facilities for this purpose.

The shares will be issued fully paid up, with the mine and plant free from all liabilities. Of the 1800 shares the present proprietors will retain 800. 200 will be set aside as a reserve fund, and the dividends from these allowed to accumulate, so that there will be no need for calls, the fear of which deters so many from speculating in mining property. The remaining 800 will be placed in the market.

Applications for Shares to be made to Mr M. W. HAWKINS, Broker, Dunedin; or to

JAMES MARSHALL,
Mining Agent, Cromwell.

REMOVAL.

CROMWELL APOTHECARIES' HALL removed to Mr J. SOLOMON'S former Premises, Next the Golden Age Hotel.

MAX GALL,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, Tobacco and Cigars.

NEWS AGENT & BOOKSELLER.

M. G. is happy to be able to state that, business having greatly increased, prices for medicines will in future be considerably reduced from former rates.

SAN FRANCISCO MAIL NEWS.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Great cold has been experienced in England. One day in December six inches of snow lay in the streets of London, and the snow and ice stopped the river navigation and railway travelling in various parts of the country.

A terrible railway accident occurred on the Great Western line, near Oxford, on Christmas eve. One hundred lives were lost. No particulars are to hand.

A Berlin despatch says that the report that Queen Victoria had written to the Emperor of Germany, urging him to adopt a more moderate policy with regard to the strife now proceeding in Germany between the Church and State, caused much comment, and was regarded by ultramontane circles with much favour.

The Lord Chamberlain of England has prohibited indecent theatrical performance, and warned managers of theatres against allowing indecent dances or permitting actresses to wear indecent dresses.

The French vintage of 1874 is calculated to be the most bounteous ever known, and will yield 1,537,500,000 gallons.

The new law requiring military duty of all citizens in Russia has caused large emigration. The Mohammedan subjects and Tartars in the Crimea deserted their homes by thousands until the police stopped them. Now many escape by stealth, and reach the Turkish dominions.

A Madrid despatch says that King Alfonso has issued an address to the people of Spain, in which he promises to exercise a liberal policy towards his subjects in his administration of the affairs of the kingdom. He states that holders of bonds will receive payment in full, and that all persons now in arms against the country who shall acknowledge allegiance to the Crown will be granted an amnesty. He also promises liberty of free worship and the freedom of the Press.

Among the last fashionable arrivals in Paris is that of "General Dot," the rival of Tom Thumb. The gallant dwarf is of German origin, and his unprofessional name is Leopold Khan. He was born in San Francisco, of parents of giant proportions. The new "general" weighs 18lbs. He is said to have made a fortune in America with Barnum.

It is announced that the Pope has given Cardinal Franchi, to be sent to the Marquis of Ripon, a magnificent crucifix, the figure of the Saviour and the ornaments being of silver. The pedestal contains a very precious relic.

More than 40 sheep have been killed in the Mullingar district by one or two wolves, which are said to have escaped from a menagerie in the North of Ireland. Patrols of police are scouring the country in search of the depredators.

The British ship British King is backed for £1,000 a side to sail the American ship Three Brothers from California to Liverpool.

Since the famine in Asia set in, 50,000 persons have migrated to the city of Aden, and 25,000 have since died.

A measure to abolish the income-tax in England is promised.

Australian and American teams are expected to compete at Wimbledon.

Prince Leopold has been dangerously ill after an attack of typhoid fever, but has now recovered.

The Rev. Charles Kingsley is dead.

News of the burning of the Cospatrick was received at London on December 28th by a telegram from Madeira stating that three of the crew of the unfortunate vessel had arrived at St. Helena. The Cospatrick was burned on November 17, in lat. 37 S., long. 12 E. When the vessel was discovered to be on fire, 80 persons, mostly women, rushed into one boat, which capsized, and all were drowned. Soon afterwards the masts fell, killing many passengers, who were crowded together on deck. An explosion subsequently occurred, and the vessel sank. The second mate and two seamen were picked up by the British Sceptre, after subsisting on the bodies of their companions.

A conflagration at the city of Tokio, Japan, destroyed 1,180 houses.

Archbishop Manning is to be made a Cardinal.

The Pope's health is again occasioning anxiety. The physicians state that the slow and progressive decline of his vital powers is perceptible.

A series of military manoeuvres by French and German armies, announced to take place in spring, is creating uneasiness, being considered as preliminary of war.

The Duchess Pancelet signed a letter to a French Archbishop offering to kill Bismarck for 12,000f. She now asserts that the alleged conspiracy was a joke, and that she signed the letter while intoxicated.

Grand Duke Nicholas, nephew of the Emperor of Russia, convicted of stealing his mother's diamonds, is declared insane.

Mr Gladstone has written to Earl Granville, resigning the leadership of the Liberal party in the House of Commons, but the right hon. gentleman still retains his seat in Parliament.

The legal heir to the Jemieson estate in Scotland, worth a million sterling, has been discovered in the person of a young man, a poor pedlar.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Two clerical scandals similar to the Beecher-Tilton case excite attention. The Rev. R. W. Glendinning, a Presbyterian minister in Jersey City, is charged with immoral relations with one of his congregation, and unchristian conduct. The pastor of the

Congregational Church, Baltimore, has been publicly accused of immorality on several specified occasions with female members of the church.

An effort was made by the municipal officers of New York to ascertain accurately the City debt. They found some difficulty in estimating it to within a hundred and twenty millions of dollars.

Charles Ross, the boy stolen by highwaymen, has not been recovered. Two burglars, shot dead while entering a house, were proved to be two of Ross's abductors.

Five children were in a sleigh on the ice at New Jersey. The ice broke, and the children were drowned within view of their mother, who was standing helpless on the edge of the pond.

New York, January 6th.

The question of admitting Negro children into public schools in New Orleans has culminated in beating one coloured man to death, and seriously injuring several coloured children.

The suit by Josephine Mansfield, the woman who caused James Fisk's ruin and death, to recover 25,000 dollars, the promissory notes given by Fisk while under her spell, has resulted in favour of plaintiff.

Statements of the condition of affairs in all manufactures and industries in New York show great stagnation in the building trade. Nearly 7000 men are idle. The shoemakers have 1000 men idle. The iron interests are very much depressed; nearly 6000 men are idle. Cabinet makers, 2580 idle; over 2000 painters; 2400 coopers; sugar refiners, 700. The unskilled labourers idle, in round numbers amount to over 30,000, exclusive of several thousands out on strike.

The sittings in Beecher's church were sold at auction, and realised 50,000 dol. premium. All old pew-owners took seats at higher premiums.

The Rev. — Coombes, a Presbyterian Minister of New York, committed suicide owing to fear of exposure, having been detected stealing books from a stall. It seemed he was suffering from kleptomania.

General Cobb was shot in San Francisco by Mrs Smythe, who fancies he defrauded her. The General was shot in the back, but is in a fair way of recovery.

In California the Great Bouanza mine has opened on fabulously rich ground. There is a body of almost silver and gold in the mine, which is selling at the rate of 10,000 dol. per inch. It is valued at 500,000,000 dol.

Mr Grant resigns the presidency.

There has been another war in Vicksburg between the blacks and whites. The negroes attacked the town. Seventy-five negroes were killed.

The Rev. Mr Beecher has won his first victory. Miss Proctor obtained damages against Moulton—100,000 dollars—for defamation of character.

Chiarini has another circus in San Francisco.

The Coolest Burglar on Record.

Policeman Badger, of the Tenth station had a bit of experience the other night which he is not fond of talking about. It was past midnight as he was leisurely pushing his beat through Jessop-street, and as he was opposite Drayton and Fogg's jewelry store he observed gleams of light through the chinks of the shutters, and he rapped at the door.

"Is that you policeman?" asked a voice within.

"Yes," answered Badger.

"Well, it's only me. It's all right. Kind o' chilly out isn't it."

"Yes."

"Thought so. I was just fixing the fire. Good night."

Badger said "Good night," and pursued his way.

An hour afterwards Badger passed through Jessop-street again, and again he saw the light in the jewelry store. It didn't look right, and he banged at the door loudly.

"Hallo!" cried the voice within. "Is it you, policeman?"

"Yes."

"All right. Won't you come in and warm yourself? It won't hurt anything for you to slip from your beat for a few minutes."

The door opened and Policeman Badger entered, and he found the inmate to be a very gentlemanly looking man, in a linen duster.

"Come right up to the stove, policeman. Excuse me for a moment."

The man took the ash-pan from the bottom of the stove and carried it down into the cellar and emptied it, and when he had returned and wiped his hands, he said with a smile:

"Chilly night, isn't it?"

"Yes."

"Chilly outside and dull inside, (Another smile.) New goods for the spring trade and have to keep our eyes open. Lonesome work this watching all night; but I manage to find a bit of comfort in this. Won't you join me in a tip? You'll find it a pure thing."

And the man produced a black bottle and a tumbler.

Policeman Badger partook, and having wiped his lips and given his fingers a new warming, he left the store and resumed his beat satisfied that all was right at Drayton and Fogg's.

But the morning brought a new revelation. Drayton and Fogg's store had been robbed during the night of 6000 dollars worth of watches and jewellery, and although Policeman Badger carried in his mind a complete daguerreotype of the robber, the adroit rascal has not yet been found.

Latest from the Palmer

(Wakatip Mail.)

Although the recent mania amongst many of our residents for rushing away to this reported new Eldorado is fast fading, some good purpose may still be served in allaying any remaining desire or restlessness which may exist, by making public from time to time, various accounts—especially when the narratives are from reliable private resources, such as that below, which is from the pen of an old settler, who left here for the Palmer goldfields over four months ago, and has recently returned, the letter having been received by J. T. Crofts, of this town:—

"Invercargill, 12th January, 1875.

"Being an old resident in the Wakatip district for many years, I wish to inform my old friends that are inclined to go to the Palmer diggings not to be in too great a hurry, for I left the Wakatip, being induced to go there by flattering news appearing in different papers, which stated, among many other good things, that diggers were getting from one to four ounces per day per man. Now, I believe that some men who were on the field when Sandy Creek broke out did get that for a few days. What is called washdirt is scattered on the reef amongst a little clay, and all one can use is a tin dish. Some of them have got a cradle; but, as far as I saw, it took men all their time to get from one to four pennyweights per day, and it took all that to keep them in tucker, besides having to stand a climate fit for no white man—men dying in all directions from fever, ague, and dysentery, and many other diseases which I never heard of before. There are also all sorts of venomous animals, such as flies, ants, musquitos, centipedes, tarantulas, scorpions, snakes, and all sorts of pests that you can mention. You never can get a minute's peace to yourself, night or day; and the sun is that hot during a portion of the day that you are neither able to walk or work. The road you have to travel on going up to the diggings from Cooktown is sometimes knee-deep, and so hot that you can scarcely bear it, and sometimes you have to travel a long way without water. But, of all the pests, the blacks are the worst, for you are never sure when they will come upon you—night or day. People always have their firearms in order as they travel up the country. Two men that left Queenstown—McDonald and Hope—had their horses speared by the blacks. It was a bad job for them, as they could have got £50 a-head for the horses, but, after all, they considered themselves lucky in having escaped unhurt, as some men on the track a little ahead had been speared.

"The sun is so hot that you are not fit to carry your swag, and consequently all that can afford it get horses. At the time I went the price of horses was very high, and by the time we arrived at Cooktown, and had bought horses and an outfit, and paid our passage from New Zealand, it cost us about £65 each. Seeing so many graves on our road up on all sides of the track, and so many dying on the diggings from fever—while we could not get as much gold as would find us in 'tucker,' and besides, the wet season coming on—we resolved, before too late, to return to New Zealand, where we could get a sound night's rest. At the Palmer I have risen in the morning blistered from head to foot with poisonous bites from insects, and all I have to say is, that if you want to see hardship and misery, go to the Palmer, and as you go up you will see painted on the trees—'This is the road to death and hell! Return.'

"I am, yours, &c.,

"FRANK FORSTER."

Sixteen Aces.

Sam Ogilvie was a gambler by profession and practice, but among the planters who frequented his faro bank (and all those of any wealth or standing within a hundred miles of Selma took a turn at it when they could) there was not one who would entertain a question as to Sam's honesty. In that little white cottage, almost hidden by the surrounding grove, none but the fairest of foro was dealt, none but the squarest of poker was bet on. When the chips were bought, and the cards cut, each one felt that what fortune meant the pack to bring them would not be interfered with by any manipulation of the pack.

But alas! when was humanity beyond temptation? Adam fell, Caesar fell, Warren fell (at Bunker Hill), and even Beecher is suspected. One day Sam was tempted, and he—but let me give the details.

Judge Humphreys, Colonel Swain, old Andrews (whose plantation was measured by the thousand acres), and Sol Lovett, from St. Louis, were sitting in Ogilvie's front parlour, playing a snug little game of draw. All were heavy bettors when they held the cards; but just then the cards were running light. Sam, who cared very little for poker, had sat by watching the game rather than going in it. He held a hand, of course, but his thoughts were rather on the outlay in the next room than on the cards in his hand. Several times he had hinted at abandoning the game, but each time the others had insisted on going on, so Sam had politely stiffened his impatience, and had kept his seat at the table.

As the clock was telling 10 Sam was called from the table, and, excusing himself for the moment, left the room. His way was through the back parlour, where lay the sleeping tiger. The table with its lay out, the case, piles of checks, decks of cards, all were ready for the players. As he glanced carelessly over them a sudden thought seemed to flash through Sam's brain. A sardonic smile crept

over his thin cut lips, and his long fingers played with his moustache, as if to hide the twitching lips from some unseen observer. Advancing to the card-box, where cards by the dozen packs, unbroken, lay piled up, he busied himself for a moment in opening packs, breaking wrappers and assorting cards, then, with an expression of guileless innocence upon his face, with a "cold deck" up his sleeve, he returned to the poker table.

In a few minutes it was Sam's turn to deal. His hand faltered as he lifted the cards; a dence spot fluttered into his lap, and, in picking it up, a rapid movement of the long, little fingers had exchanged the table deck for the "cold deck."

A grain of remorse seemed to touch his heart when he came to serve the cards.

"I can't take a hand this deal, gentlemen. I have got to stop round to the hotel for a moment."

The others acquiesced, and he dealt out the cards. A good hand, one would say, by the action of the players. There was a thousand in the pot, and a very obstinate expression on the faces of the players before the drawing began.

Then a singular circumstance was noticed. The Judge only wanted one card; one card satisfied the Colonel, and one card each took Lovett and Anderson. Odd, thought each one, and wondered whether they were trying to fill a full or a flush or were hiding fours. But each glanced at his own hand and calmly waited the issue, confident of his own and pitying the other's hand.

The cards served, Sam lit his cigar, and started for the hotel. If he had waited, he would have seen the tallest kind of betting that was ever done inside of that cottage; 1000 dol. the first bet, 1500 dol. the second, 2000 dol. the third, and 2500 dol. from the "age" on the first round. Everybody in and willing to lay his pile. Out came cheque-books and pencils, and each one rapidly cashed up in his own mind how much his credit was good for among the commission merchants of New Orleans. Cheque after cheque was written, torn out, and placed on the table, until there was enough staked to cripple the richest man there if he lost.

The Judge stopped it. Why, I don't know, unless it was that he had reached the last cheque in his book. As he filled that out he remarked, with judicial gravity:

"There is but one hand at the table that can win that pot, gentleman; ain't it about big enough? I will see you, Colonel."

This checked the game. The pot was big enough in all conscience.

Two more sights, and a call brought the game to a focus. Perspiration stood out upon more than one forehead, and the fingers that gripped the cards tightened perceptibly as the crucial moment approached; and heads had to be turned to prevent the hungry eyes from feasting too intensely upon the pile on the table.

The venerable Colonel looked up as he gently laid down his hand—"Fours. Aces, gentlemen."

Then Andrews, with distended eyes and pursed-up lips: "Four aces for me! and the cards were laid upon the table to verify the claim."

Reproachfully Lovett glanced at his comrades as inhospitable barbarians, from whom the title of strangers was no protection, and blandly remarked: "Excuse me, but mine are aces. Fours!" and again the cards proved the claim.

Dashing his spectacles from his Roman nose to his perspiring forehead, the Judge sank back in his seat and gazed despairingly from face to face round the board. As his eye met Lovett's he partially straightened himself, and said: "Sixteen aces, as I am a sinner," and again four aces lay upon the board.

They waited for Sam that night, but he did not return to the cottage.—Turf, Field, and Farm.

The following paragraph will doubtless interest our musical readers. In the course of a sermon on miracles delivered by the Rev. T. M. Fraser, at the high Church, Geelong (as stated in the *Advertiser*), the rev. gentleman drew a comparison between the three great musical composers in the following words:—"Has it never struck you that the miracles of scripture derive a certain hue or complexion from the character of the medium through which they passed, so that while all of them are divine in their origin, each bears the style of its human agent? A practised ear, for instance, can easily recognise the style of the three great musical composers; if it combines grand effects with great economy of tones, majesty with simplicity; above all, if it rings the changes on notes of equal length, we know, though we have never heard the air before, that it must come from Handel, the great master of counterpoint. If it abounds in rich, full chords, with an almost wasteful profusion of notes, in which melody is subordinated to harmony, and when wild, wondrous long-drawnsounds either lift you into heaven or plunge you into hell, you feel instinctively that you are listening to Beethoven, the great master of harmony. Or if you listen to strains which sweep the whole range of human feeling from the angelic to the devilish; which soothe the feelings, yet rouse the passions; which melt to tears, yet spur to fury; which touch the heart strings with the levity of fairies' play, or clash, jar, trample them with the tread of armies in battle; if, in short, you are swept along by seven voices, in which both harmony and melody exhaust their utmost resources, you know that you are entranced by the spell of the Shakespeare of music, the great master of sentiment, the scraphic satanesque, Mozart."

Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,
Proprietor.

Alberttown

ALBERT HOTEL,
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S,
ALBERTTOWN.

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ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.R.—District Post Office.

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MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

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MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to

THEYERS AND BECK,
BREWERS,
ALEXANDRA.

J. C. CHAPPLE,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

Dunedin Advertisements

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MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
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Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,
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W. REID, NURSERY
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PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN,

has on sale a very large stock of all kinds of FRUIT TREES, from one to six years old; also, a large variety of Pines and other kinds of Forest Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Flowers; Agricultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

All orders well packed, free of charge.

Established Twenty Years.

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Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand

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CABINETMAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS,
Importers of English and Scotch Furniture.

Walnut Drawing-room Suites in various styles; American Cane and Wood Chairs; Chimney and Dressing Glasses; Iron and Wood Bedsteads and Children's Cots; Spring Mattresses made all sizes; Palliasses, Mattresses, Bolsters, and Pillows; Brussels, Tapestry, Kidder, and Felt Carpets; China, Persian, and Cocoa Matting; Floorcloths all widths; Door and Fancy Mats in great variety.

Country orders punctually attended to and carefully packed.

Observe—GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

BRITISH HOTEL,
corner of

GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to inform his numerous up-country friends that he has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a thorough state of repair. He has spared no expense in making this large and well-known house a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors from up-country will have every attention paid to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently situated, being within a very short distance of the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

Lawrence

VICTORIA HOTEL,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

Entire Horses



TO STAND THIS SEASON,

AT

QUEENSBERRY FARM,
WANAKA ROAD,

The Draught Stallion

"BLACK PRINCE"

Terms £3.

THOMAS ANDERSON.

THE CLYDESDALE
ENTIRE HORSE,

YOUNG PRINCE CHARLIE,

Will travel this Season in CROMWELL, CLYDE, ALEXANDRA, and BLACKS.

YOUNG PRINCE CHARLIE is a rich roan, rising four years old, and was got by Prince Charley; dam, Maggie, an imported mare from Tasmania.

Prince Charley gained 1st Prize at the Taieri Agricultural Show, as a foal, in 1864; gained 1st Prize at the Agricultural Show in 1865, as a one-year old; gained 2nd Prize at the Dunedin Agricultural Show in 1866 as a two-year old. His sire is the Old Prince Charley, of Australia. His dam, Jessy, imported in 1863, by Messrs Emery and Strachan, from Tasmania; and the same year gained the Taieri Agricultural Society's 1st Prize for the best Colonial Mare; and 2nd Prize for being the best mare in the yard, beating Mr Nimmo's Black Mare, imported direct from Scotland; in the following years took prizes at the Taieri and Dunedin.

Terms: L.3, to be paid on or before the 1st of February; Groom's Fee, 5s to be paid at first time of serving.

THOMAS CRAWFORD,

Wai Keri Keri Valley.

Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and flched in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacks is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and blood-poisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-

Patent Medicines

tice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at 182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) L.1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against constitution, asthma, and similar complaints.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Dolorous
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago; New Zealand):

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